Form 5-S Subplot-frequency counts in the 1-m² quadrat

Codes of[1]	Country	Target Region	Summit	Date	Time from to	General comments
Rows no. 1 to 0 (numbered from top to bottom); column no. 1 to 0 (numbered from left to right when looking towards the summit)[2]			**Quadrat code**[1]	Researcher(s)		

Grazing impact[3]		row 1	row 2	row 3	row 4	row 5	row 6	row 7	row 8	row 9	row 0
		1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0
H.i. 1: faeces/droppings											
H.i. 2: browsing damage											
H.i. 3: trampling											
Species[4]	**cf.**[5]	row 1	row 2	row 3	row 4	row 5	row 6	row 7	row 8	row 9	row 0
		1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0

If you have used extra sheets, indicate its number (e.g. 1 of 2, 2 of 2 etc…)

1) See box 6.1 for coding. **2)** Each cell in this form represents a 0.1m x 0.1m cell of the grid frame (see Fig. 5.1) = 100 possible cells for each species where the presence of the species will be indicated with an **X**. **3)** Grazing impact: frequency of impacts caused by livestock grazing (impacts caused by wild-living mammals are also included, because the latter may hardly be distinguishable from livestock impacts). **4)** Species (all vascular plants; bryophytes and lichens are optional); indicate species either by using species names or by (provisional) codes. A species is considered as present when showing plant parts within the boundary strings of a 0.1m x 0.1m grid cell (always in view perpendicular to the grid frame plane), regardless of where it is rooted. **5)** Use the "cf." column if the identification of the taxon is doubtful (use **g** if this is the case for the genus level, **s** for the species level, **t** for a lower taxonomic level).